



Australian SAR Waves Dataset and Its Validation

2nd International Workshop on Waves, Storm Surges and Coastal Hazards

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Australia's National Science Agency



Outline

- Objective
- Australian SAR Waves Dataset
- Validation Against WW3 Hindcast
- Conclusions, Challenges and Outlook

Objective

Objective

- Develop a long-term, open-access database of well-calibrated satellite SAR wave observations
- Support Australian marine scientific and industrial community
- Feedback our Australian efforts into global initiatives

*SAR Database of
directional ocean swell spectra
and partitions: swell H_s , period
and direction*



Australian SAR Waves Dataset

Australian SAR Waves Dataset

Satellites: Sentinel-1 A and B

Source: ESA Level-2 OCN wave mode data - <http://www.copernicus.gov.au/>

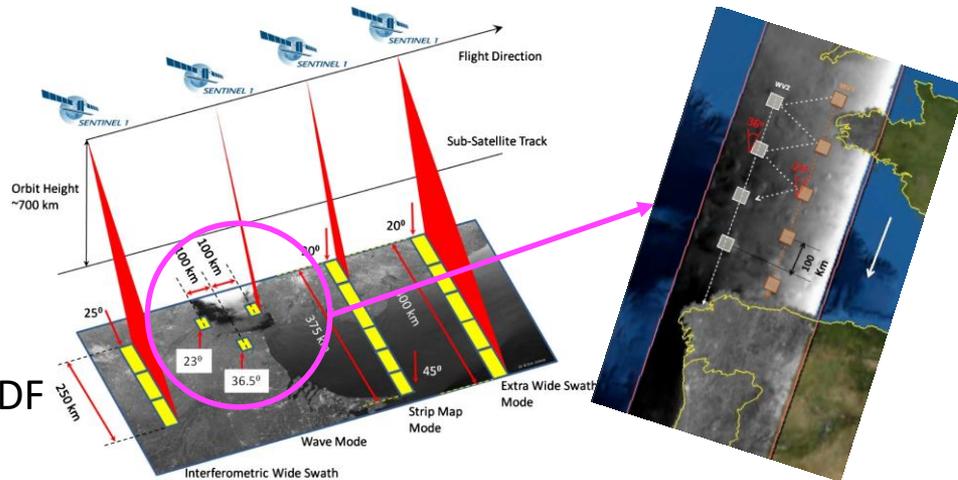
Copernicus Australasia regional hub

Delayed Mode Dataset

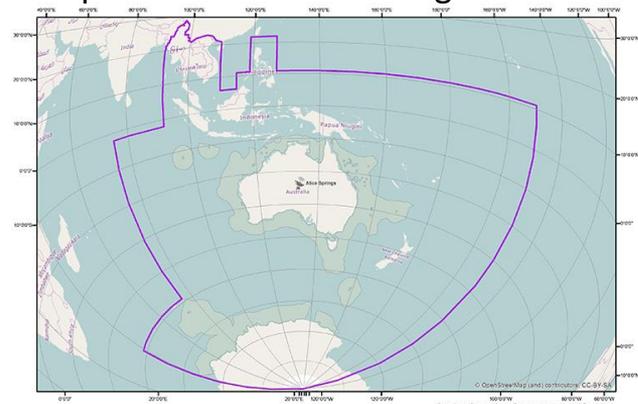
- Duration: July-2015 to May-2019
- Format: Daily/monthly along-track netCDF
- CF 1.6 & IMOS 1.4 compliant
- Processing time: ~1 day

NRT Dataset

- Latest 24 hours of SAR waves 6-hourly
- Same format and conventions
- Previous files archived
- Processing time: ~few minutes



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QA/QC Highlights

- Source data inconvenient: 1 netCDF/obs (~15k obs/month/plat.)
- Source data inconsistent: netCDF file structure changes such as:
 - Var missing, data type changes, dimension changes, var attributes partially defined

All inconsistencies handled via trial and error

- Not CF compliant
- No consistent time variable
- WAVNUM coord changes over time
- Both WAVNUM and DIR coords sometimes exhibit floating point imprecisions
- Some erroneous measurements over land even after using land flag

Format of netCDF files

Dec 2016
monthly file

```
→ Dimensions: (DIRECTION: 72, PARTITION: 5, TIME: 18807, WAVNUM: 60)
→ Coordinates:
  * DIRECTION (DIRECTION) float32 0.0 5.0 10.0 ... 345.0 350.0 355.0
  * PARTITION (PARTITION) int8 0 1 2 3 4
  * WAVNUM (WAVNUM) float32 0.005235988 0.00557381 ... 0.2094395
  * TIME (TIME) datetime64[ns] 2016-12-01T07:40:56 ... 2016-12-31T22:57:46
→ Data variables:
  AMBI_FAC_PART (TIME, PARTITION) float32 ...
  AZ_CUTOFF (TIME) float32 ...
  AZ_CUTOFF_DIR (TIME, DIRECTION) float32 ...
  BOT_DEPTH (TIME) float32 ...
  DP_PART (TIME, PARTITION) float32 ...
  EKTH (TIME, DIRECTION, WAVNUM) float32 ...
  EKTH_PART (TIME, DIRECTION, WAVNUM) int8 ...
  EKTH_quality_control (TIME, DIRECTION, WAVNUM) int8 ...
  HEADING (TIME) float32 ...
  HS_PART (TIME, PARTITION) float32 ...
  HS_WIND_SEA (TIME) float32 ...
  INC_ANGLE (TIME) float32 ...
  INV_CONF_PART (TIME, PARTITION) int8 ...
  INV_WAVE_AGE (TIME) float32 ...
  LAND_COVERAGE (TIME) float32 ...
  LATITUDE (TIME) float32 ...
  LONGITUDE (TIME) float32 ...
  NRCS (TIME) float32 ...
  POLARISATION (TIME) object ...
  RG_CUTOFF (TIME) float32 ...
  SNR (TIME) float32 ...
  SOURCE_NETCDF (TIME) object ...
  SOURCE_SAFE (TIME) object ...
  WDIR_ECMWF (TIME) float32 ...
  WDIR_SAR (TIME) float32 ...
  WP_PART (TIME, PARTITION) float32 ...
  WSPD_ECMWF (TIME) float32 ...
  WSPD_SAR (TIME) float32 ...
```

Concat data along TIME

- Daily
- Monthly
- Yearly
- All data

All consistent vars from OCN
Level-2 included



Wavenumber spectra

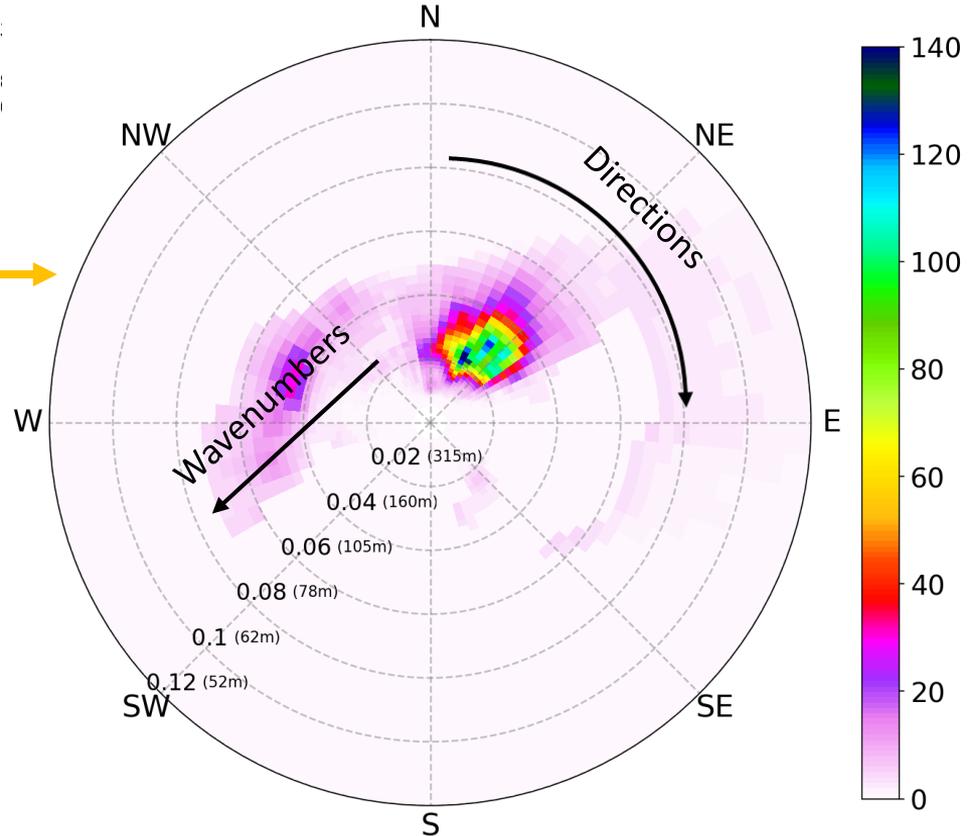
Dimensions: (DIRECTION: 72, PARTITION: 5, TIME: 18807, WAVNUM: 60)

Coordinates:

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* DIRECTION (DIRECTION) float32 0.0 5.0 10.0 ...
* PARTITION (PARTITION) int8 0 1 2 3 4
* WAVNUM (WAVNUM) float32 0.005235988 0.0055738
* TIME (TIME) datetime64[ns] 2016-12-01T07:40
```

Data variables:

```
AMBI_FAC_PART (TIME, PARTITION) float32 ...
AZ_CUTOFF (TIME) float32 ...
AZ_CUTOFF_DIR (TIME, DIRECTION) float32 ...
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WP_PART (TIME, PARTITION) float32 ...
WSPD_ECMWF (TIME) float32 ...
WSPD_SAR (TIME) float32 ...
```



Partition Bulks

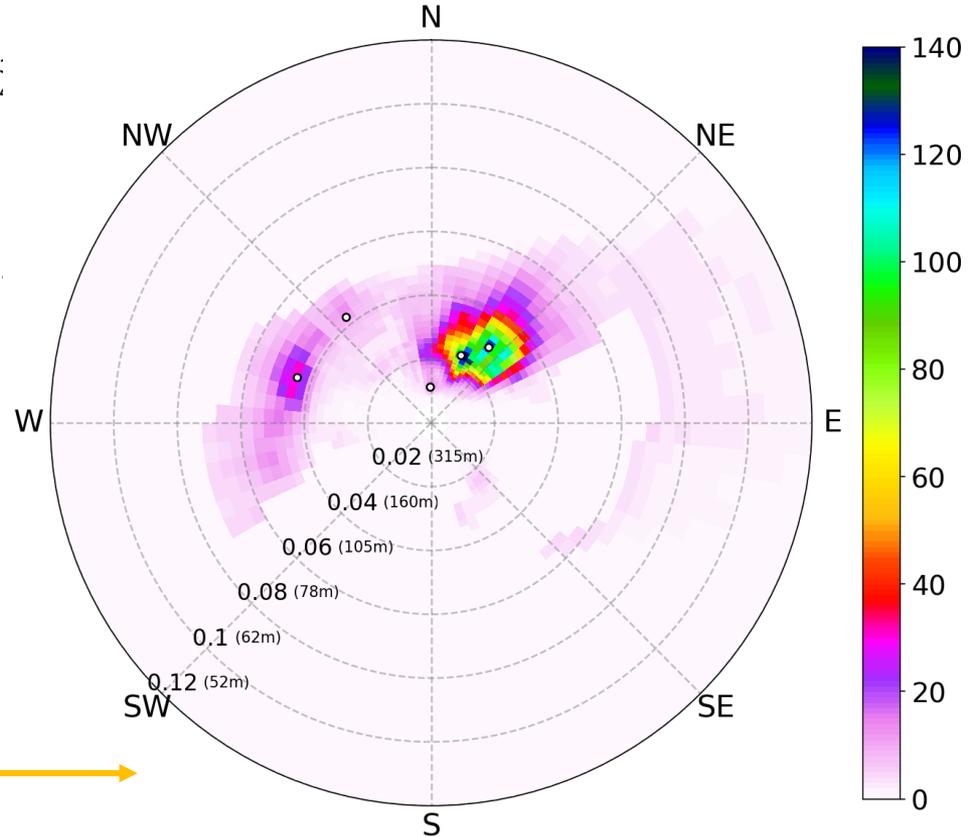
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Coordinates:

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* WAVNUM (WAVNUM) float32 0.005235988 0.00557:
* TIME (TIME) datetime64[ns] 2016-12-01T07:.
```

Data variables:

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AMBI_FAC_PART (TIME, PARTITION) float32 ...
AZ_CUTOFF (TIME) float32 ...
AZ_CUTOFF_DIR (TIME, DIRECTION) float32 ...
BOT_DEPTH (TIME) float32 ...
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EKTH (TIME, DIRECTION, WAVNUM) float32 ...
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WSPD_ECMWF (TIME) float32 ...
WSPD_SAR (TIME) float32 ...
```



180° Directional Ambiguity

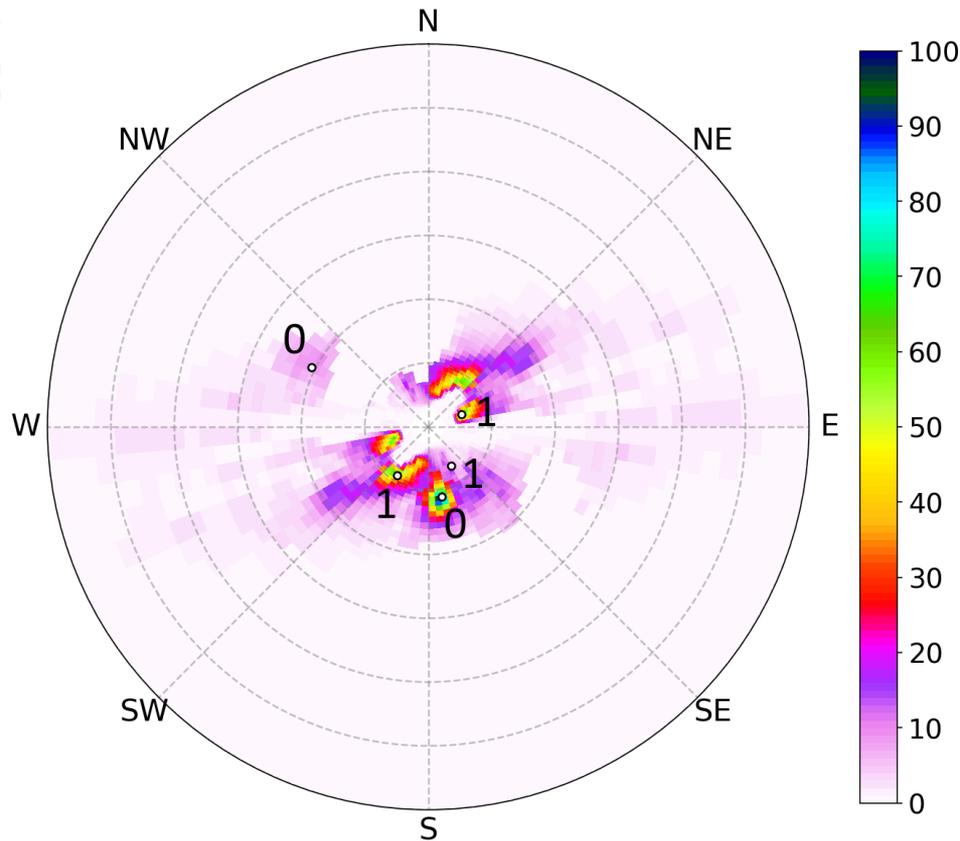
Dimensions: (DIRECTION: 72, PARTITION: 5, TIME: 18807, WAVNUM: 60)

Coordinates:

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* DIRECTION (DIRECTION) float32 0.0 5.0 10.0 ...
* PARTITION (PARTITION) int8 0 1 2 3 4
* WAVNUM (WAVNUM) float32 0.005235988 0.0055738
* TIME (TIME) datetime64[ns] 2016-12-01T07:40
```

Data variables:

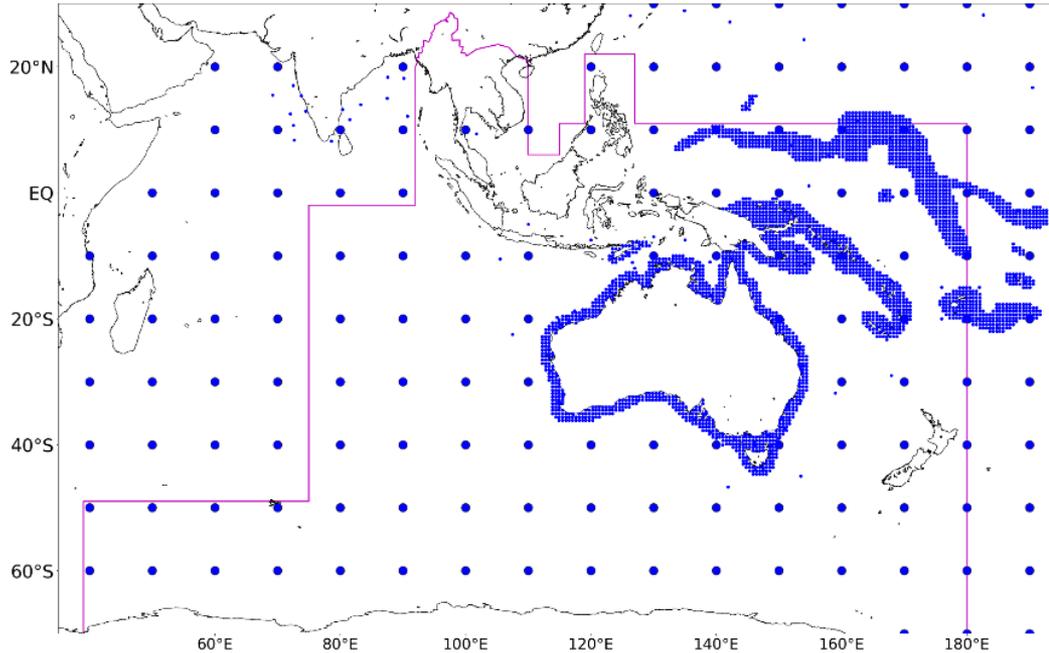
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AZ_CUTOFF (TIME) float32 ...
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```



Validation against WW3 hindcast

WW3 CAWCR Hindcast (1979-present)

WW3 – Centre for Australian Weather and Climate Research
(CAWCR) Hindcast (Durrant et al. 2014)



- WAVEWATCH III v4.18 model
- Forced using CFSR winds and ice concentration (0.2°, hourly winds and 6-hourly ice)
- Australian part of 10° global grid, hourly spectra
- 4' nested grid, hourly spectra around Australia and Pacific Islands

Sentinel-1

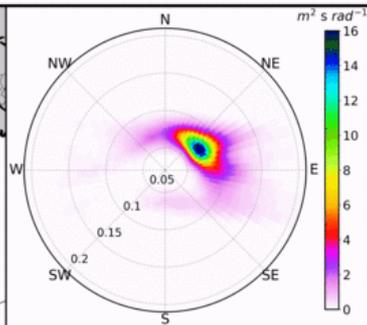
20°N

0°

20°S

40°S

60°S



Mean Spectra

40°E

60°E

80°E

100°E

120°E

140°E

160°E

180°

Collocations

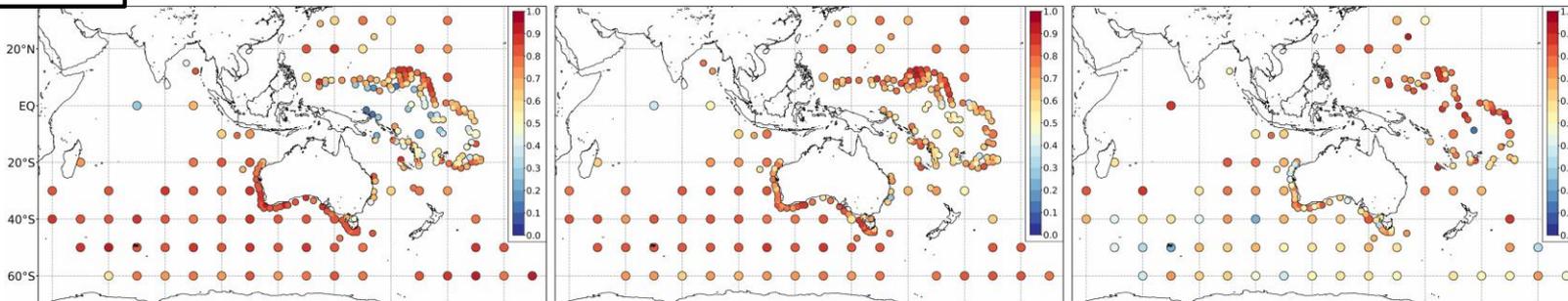
Criteria: distance $\leq 100\text{km}$, ± 30 min, depth $> 30\text{m}$, swell $H_s > 1\text{m}$

At least 30 collocations to compute statistics

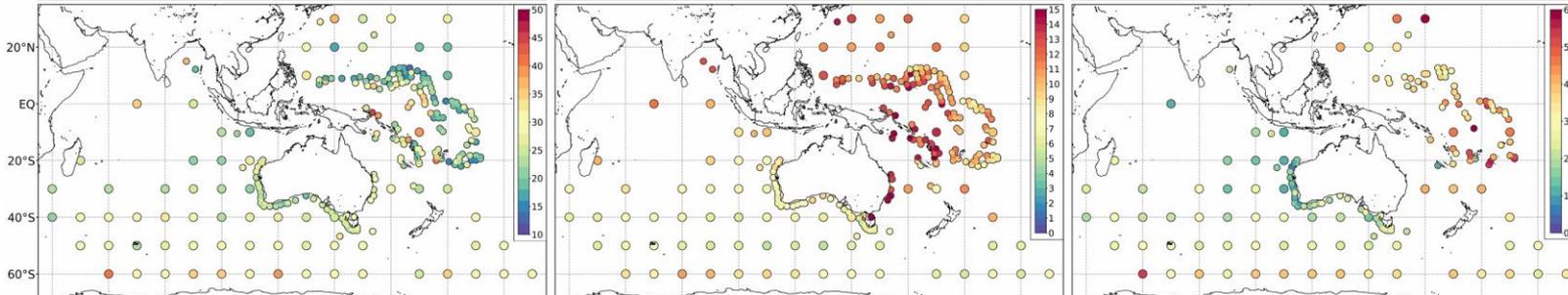
Most problematic island collocations removed



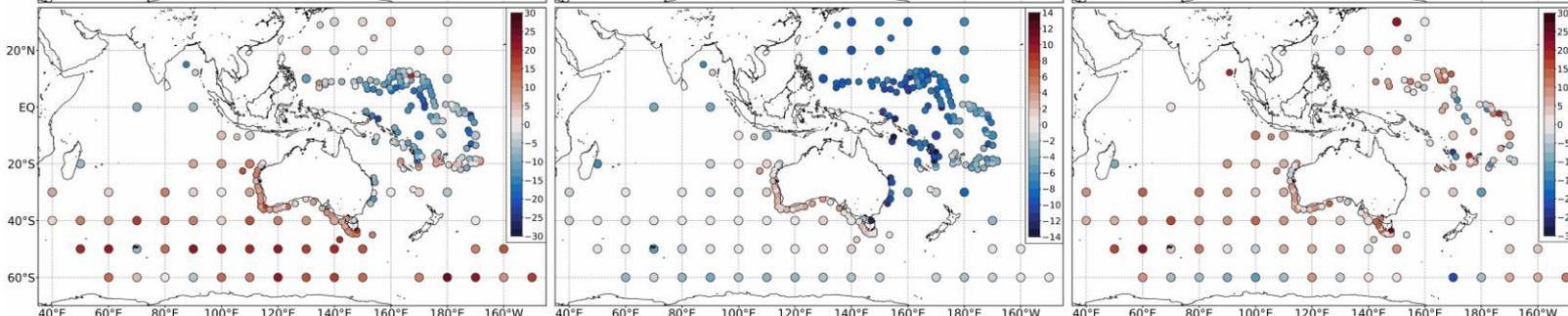
Corr.



Norm. RMSE



Norm. bias



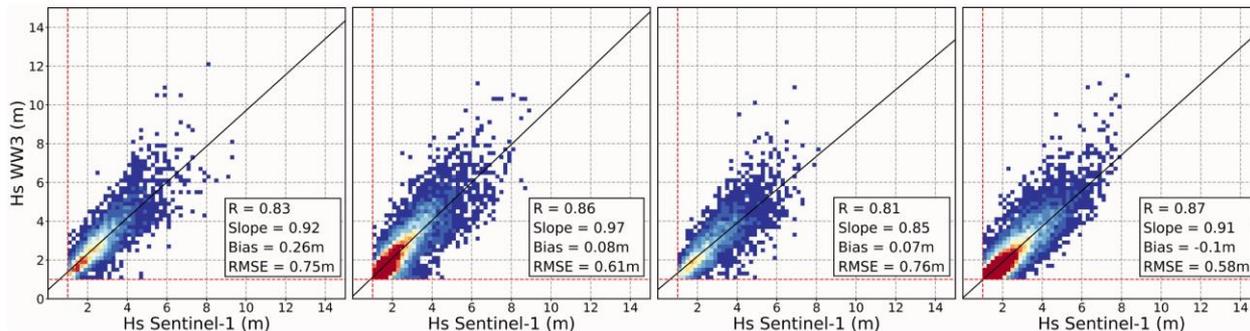
WV1

WV2

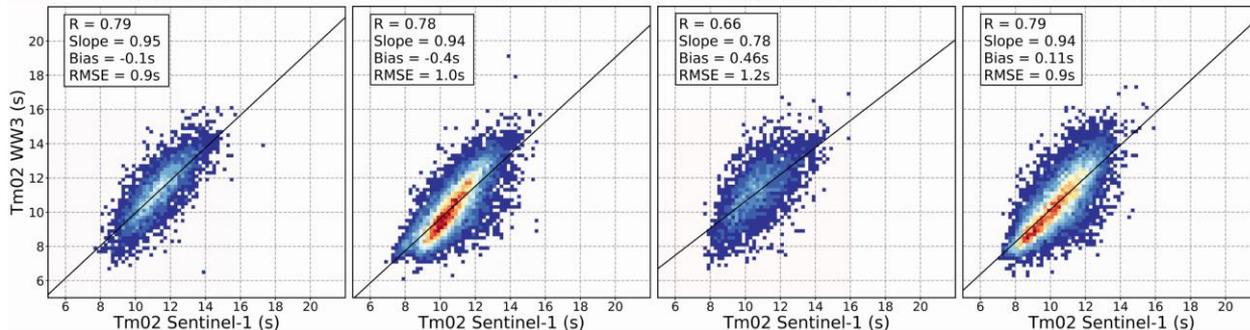
WV1

WV2

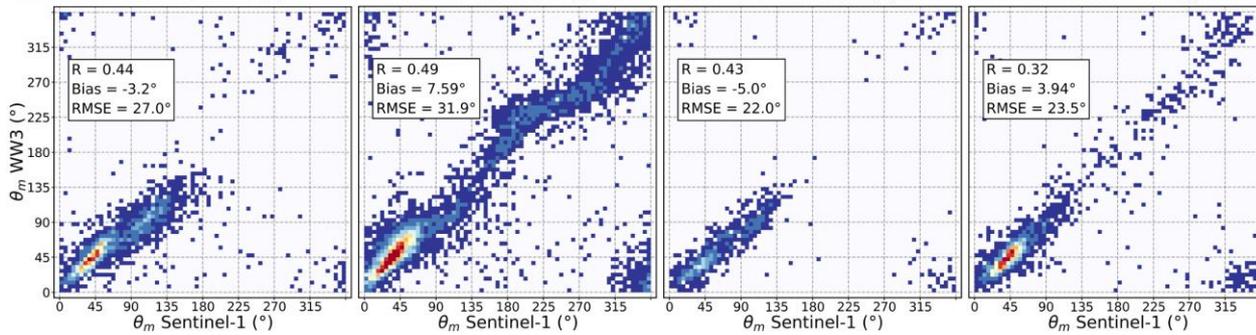
Swell Hs



Tm02

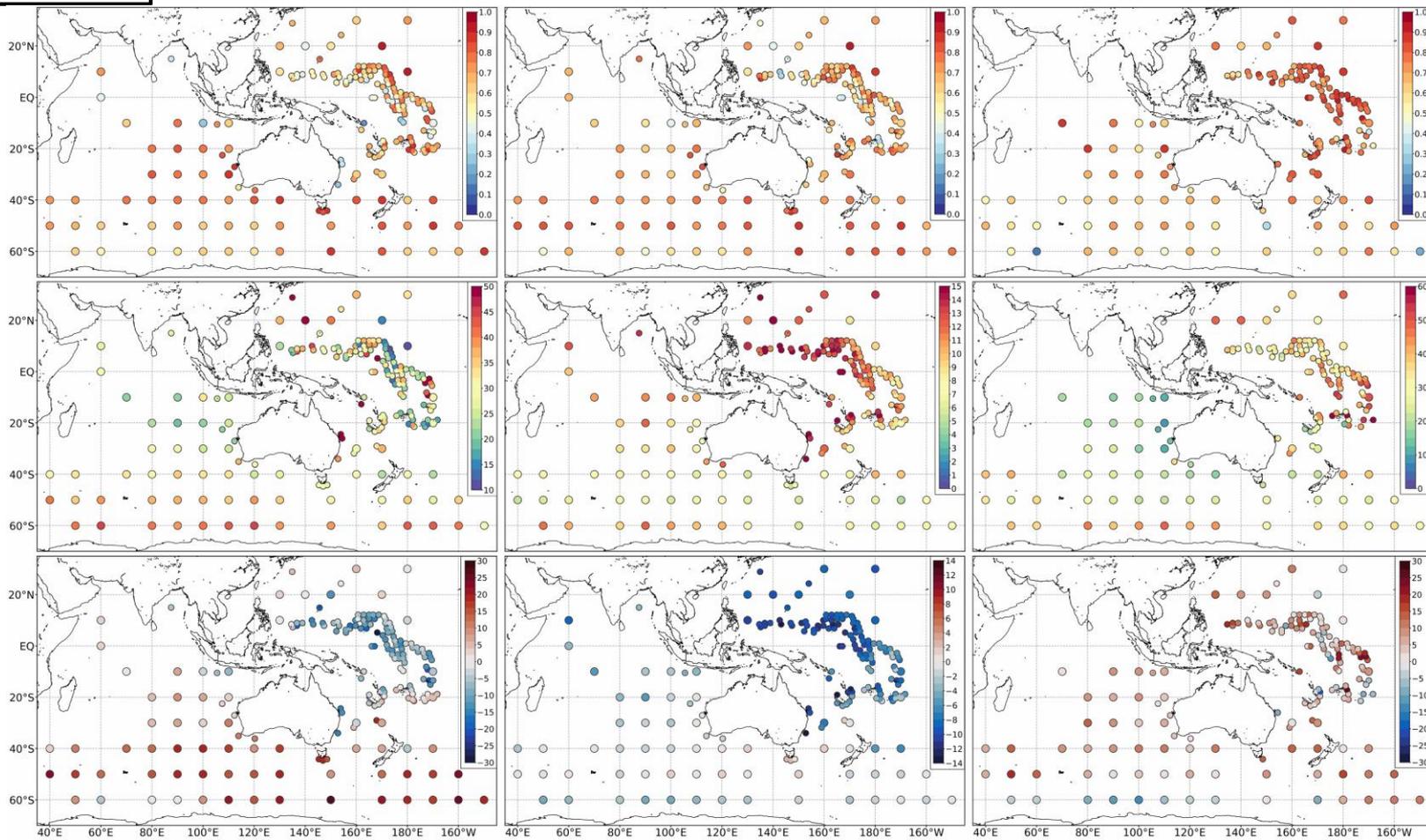


Dm



Sentinel 1-A WV1**Swell Hs****Tm02****Dm**

Corr.

Norm.
RMSENorm.
bias

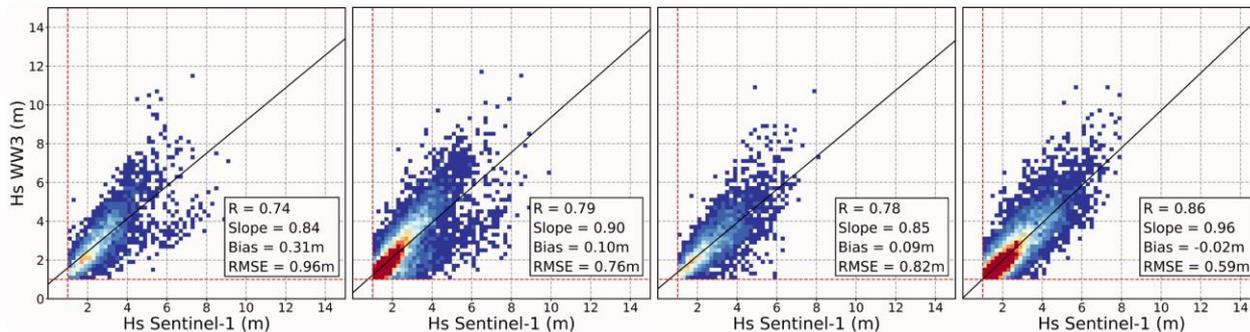
WV1

WV2

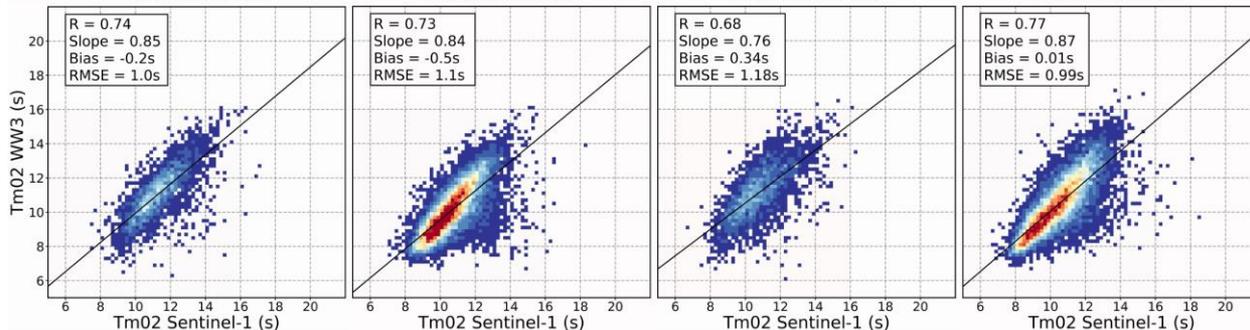
WV1

WV2

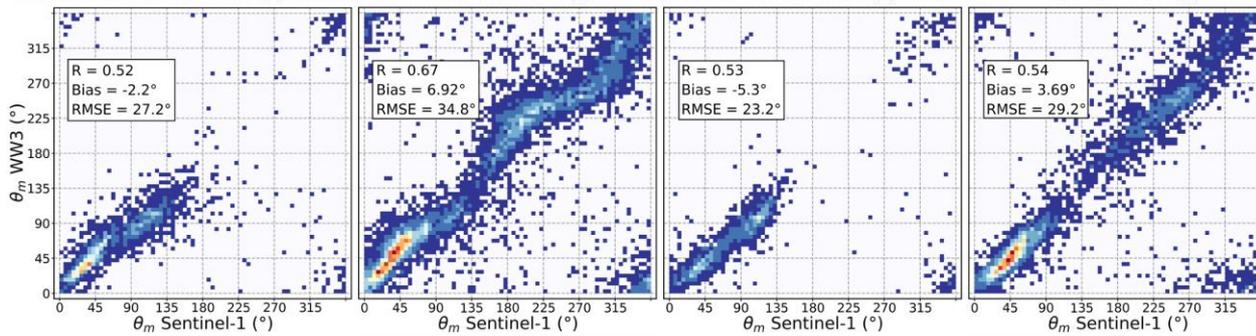
Swell Hs



Tm02



Dm



Conclusions, Challenges and Outlook

Conclusions and Challenges

Conclusions:

- Model and SAR bulks match reasonably well. Dm, less so
- Database suitable for full-duration analysis: CAL/VAL, potentially trends
- Database suitable for analysing extreme events and case studies
- Database (Jul-2015 to Oct-2019) in process of being published at AODN

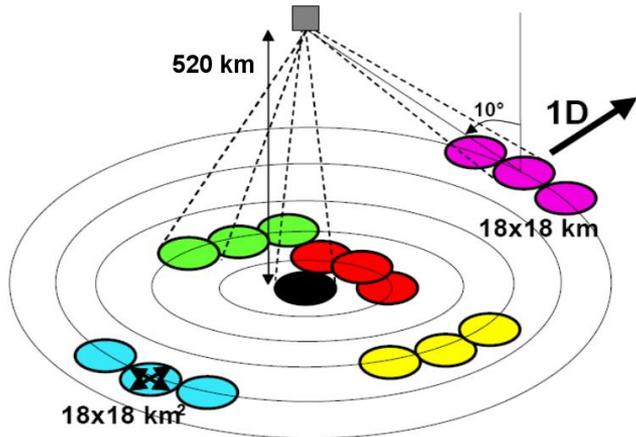
Challenges:

- Lack of in-situ, reference directional buoy data
- Complex island collocations

Outlook



- CFOSAT SWIM instrument measuring nadir and off-nadir waves and scatterometers winds simultaneously for the first time
- Initial calibration and validation performed
- Full directional wave spectra to be included in database in future
- Measures between 70m – 600m wavelengths



Courtesy CNES



- Copernicus continuation Sentinel-1 C & D > 2021
- Inclusion of historical ENVISAT waves obs

Questions?

Thank you

Oceans and Atmosphere

Salman Khan

Australian SAR Waves Dataset

+61-392394464

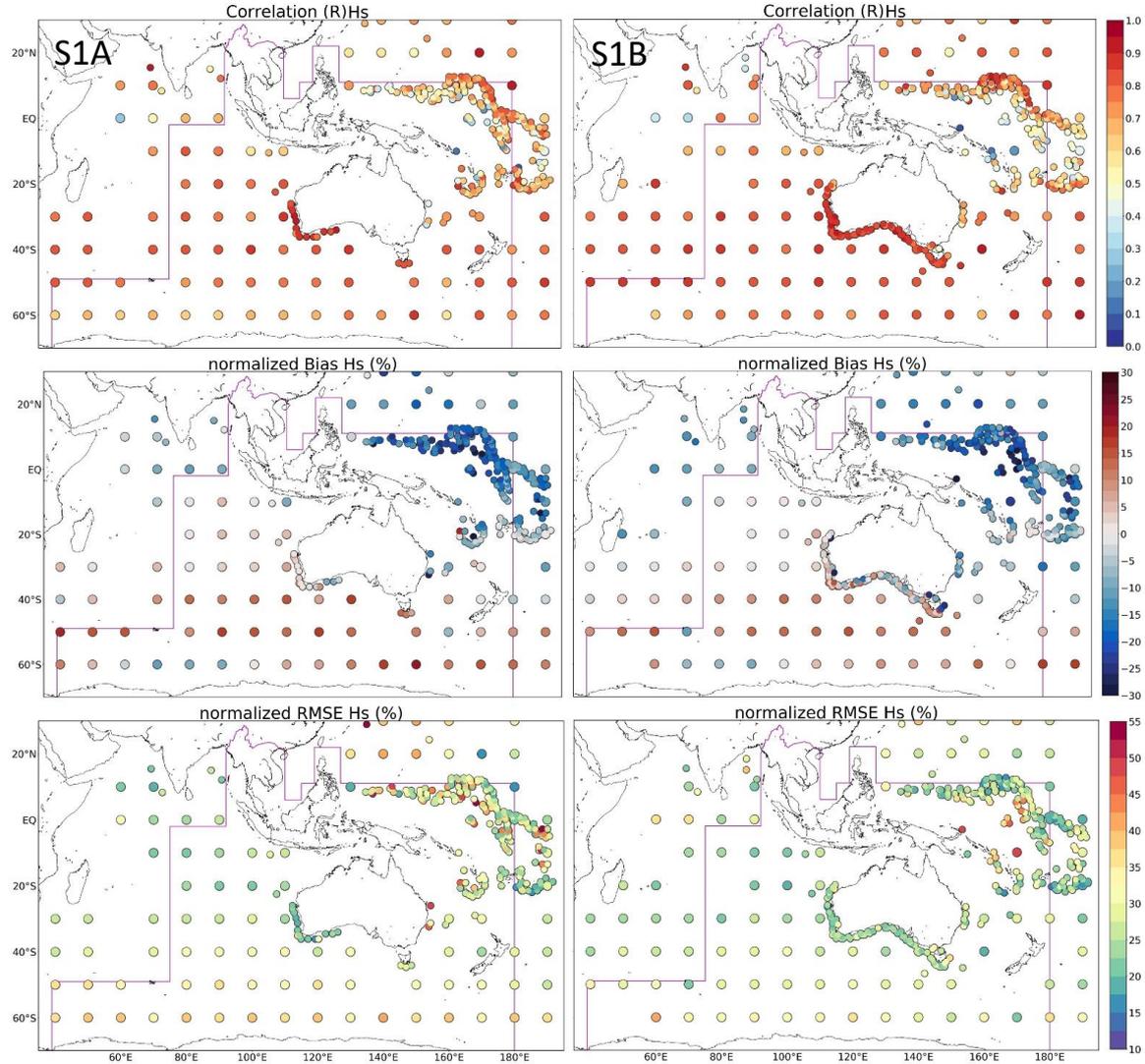
salmansaeed.khan@csiro.au

Australia's National Science Agency

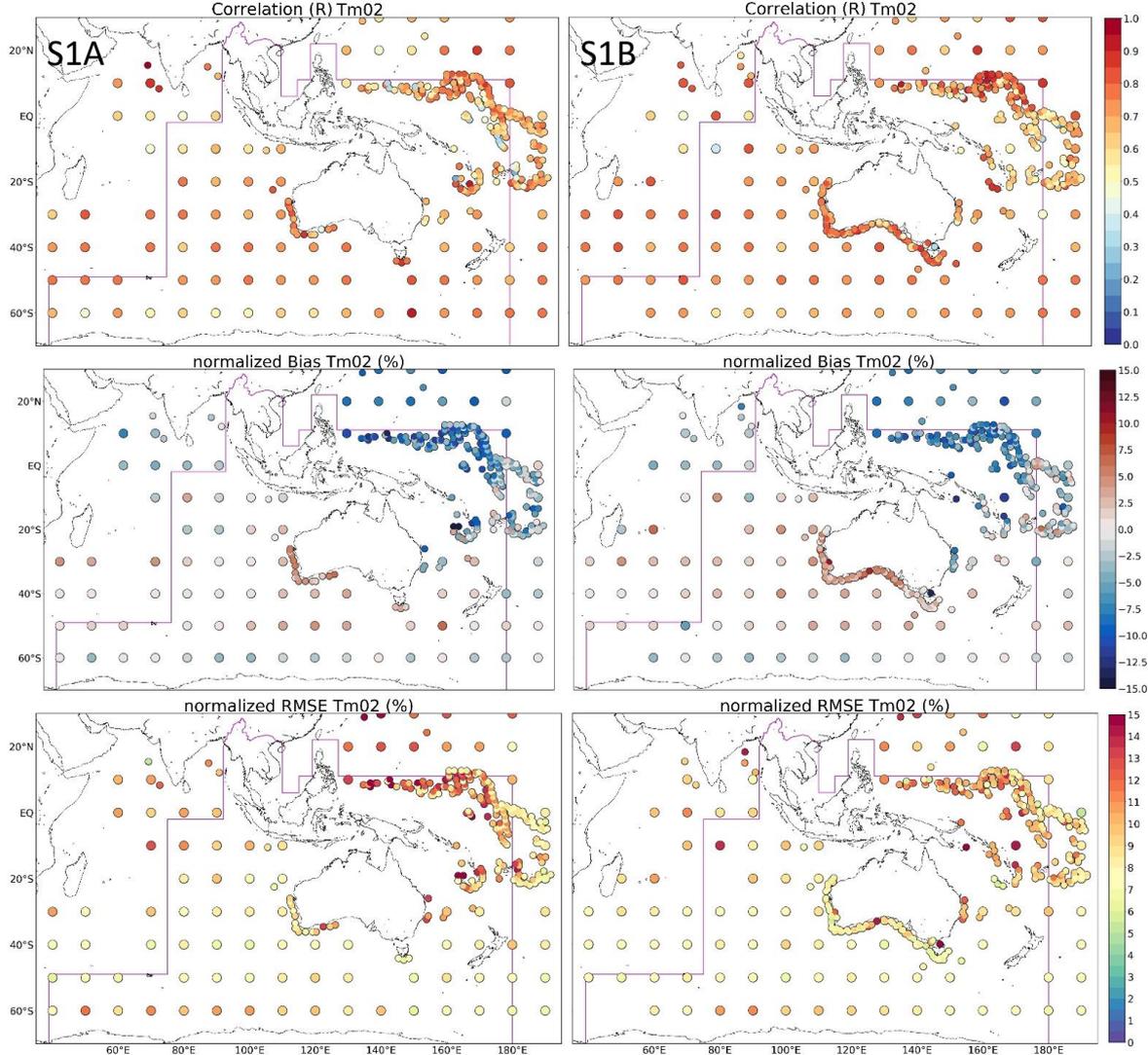


Extra slides

Hs stats by location



Tm02 stats by location



Dm stats by location

